The Vera C. Rubin Observatory and the Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST)

Slides from LSST:UK consortium

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Project Lead: Bob Mann (University of Edinburgh)



Legacy Survey of Space and Time (LSST)



Starting points:

https://www.lsst.org

https://www.lsst.ac.uk

https://lsst-uk.atlassian.net

Slides reviewed and last updated: 28 November 2022

"Large Synoptic Survey Telescope" concept





The large synoptic survey telescope concept: Ivezić et al: http://arxiv.org/pdf/0805.2366.pdf

Construction progress: as of August 2022



Image Credit: Rubin Obs.

Simonyi Telescope completed in Spain 2019 (now in dome on site)



Image Credit: Rubin Obs.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=NOaS8jzkTMI

Charles Simonyi telescope: 8.4m but really 6.5m effective aperture

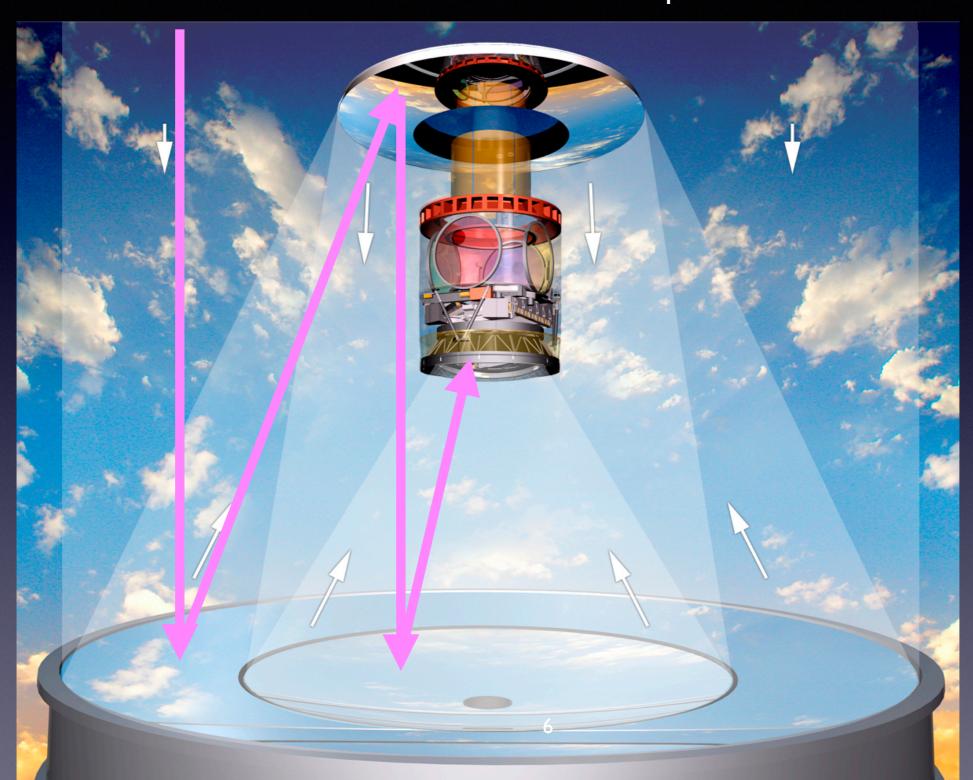


Image Credit: Rubin Obs.

8.4m primary, with 5.0m tertiary inset \Rightarrow 6.5m effective diameter of primary

Vera Rubin Observatory Camera 3.2 Gigapixels Constructed at SLAC,

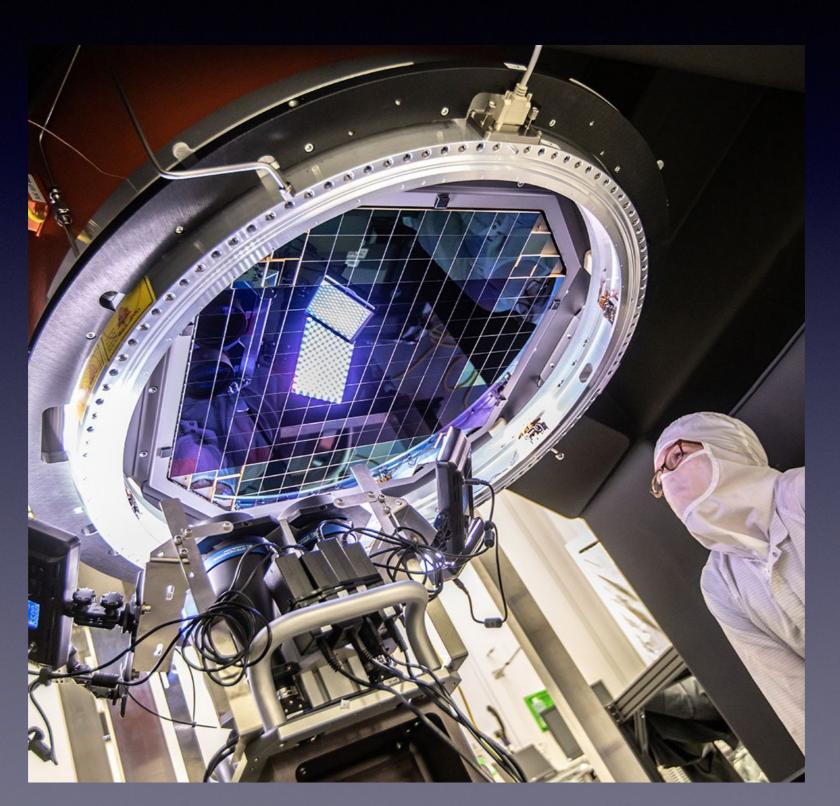


Image Credit: J. Orrel/SLAC



3.2 Gigapixels
3 x 3 CCD "raft"
21 full rafts
198 CCDs

Scheduled to ship to Chile late 2022

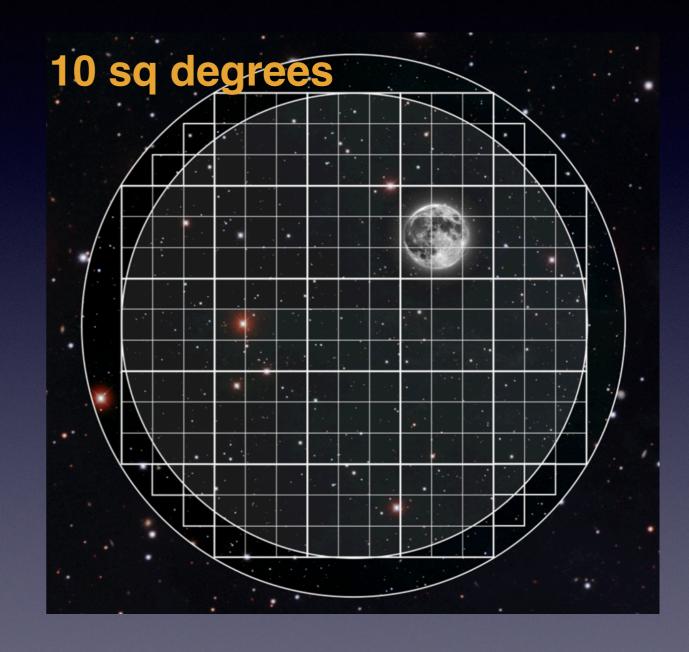
Image Credit: Rubin Camera Team

Where to point and when?

- Rubin Observatory
 - 8m telescope (6.5 m clear aperture) on Cerro Pachon, Chile
 - 3.5 gigapixel camera, impressive detector quality
 - Real time alert stream and multi-colour deep image of the sky

Science Requirements

- 18,000 square degrees observed 825 times over 10 yrs
- Multi-Colour deep image of southern sky
- Parallax and proper motion precision requirements
- Rapid revisit timescale requirements



Cadence problem in a nutshell:

Can do all southern, visible sky once per night: but we need 2 visits and we have 6 filters

Average return time (in same filter) would be 2 x 6 = 12 days

Multi-colour and deep

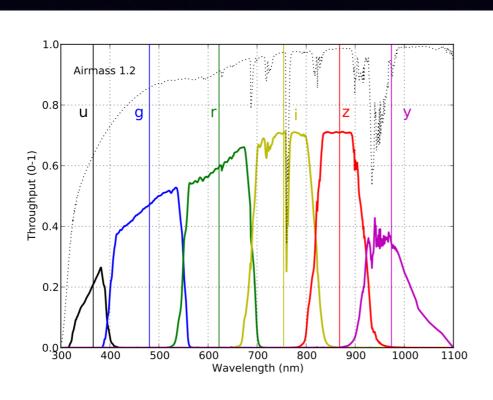


Figure 4. The LSST bandpasses. The vertical axis shows the total throughput. The computation includes the atmospheric transmission (assuming an airmass of 1.2, dotted line), optics, and the detector sensitivity.

	5σ single visit	10 yr depth
u	23.9	26.1
g	25.0	27.4
r	24.7	27.5
i	24.0	26.8
Z	23.3	26.1
y	22.1	24.9

LSST Observing sequence and cadence

- Observe a camera footprint with 2x15 second exposures, taken back-to-back (they are called "snaps". They will be co-added automatically to make a 30 second image, allowing cosmic ray mitigation
- Come back on the same night, about 30mins later, and observe <u>exactly</u> the same footprint.
 Still to be decided if the 2nd visit will be in the same filter as the 1st or a suitable different pair (e.g. *g+r*, *i+z* *u* and *y* would not be paired of course)

When does LSST revisit this footprint again?

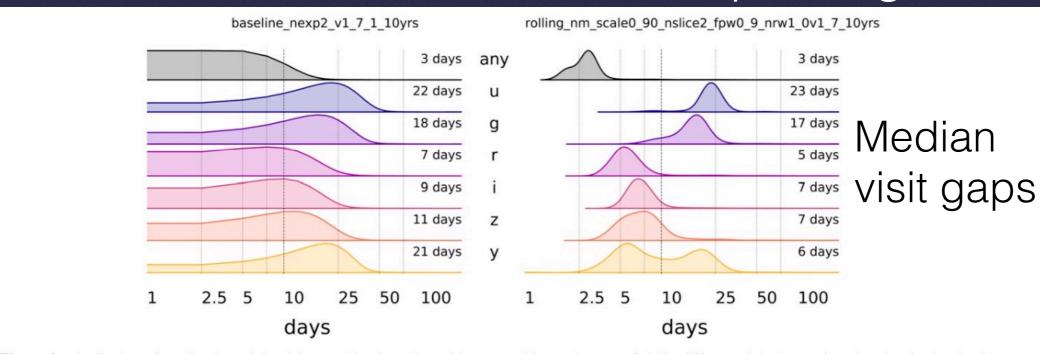


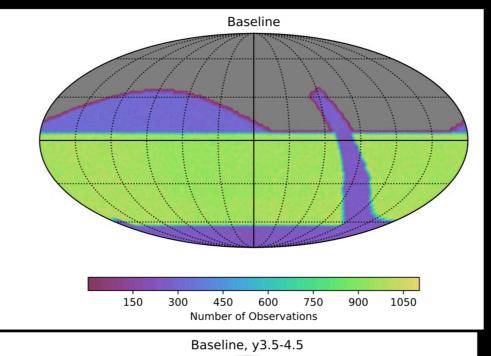
Figure 2. Distribution of median internight visit gaps (the time elapsed between visits to the same field in different nights) at a given location in the sky for two simulated LSST OpSim strategies: baseline_nexp2_v1.7.1_10yrs (left) and rolling_nm_scale0.90_nslice2_fpw0.9_nrw1.0v1.7_10yrs

2 example strategies

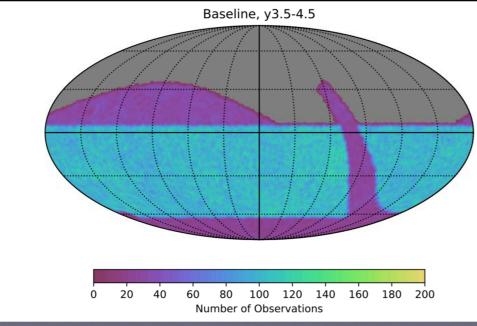
Number of observations after 10 years (DDF visits

Year 3.5-4.5

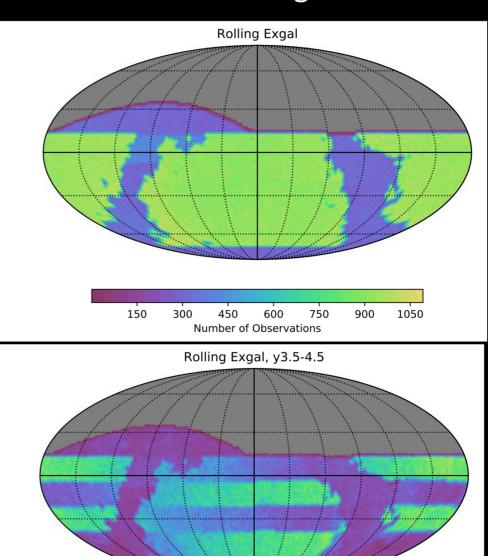
removed)



Baseline



Rolling



80

Number of Observations

100 120 140 160 180 200

Process and timescale for selection

- Science Advisory Committee (inc. Smartt, Meg Schwamb from QUB) appointed and charged "SCOC"
 - Science Survey Optimisation Committee
 - Work closely with Rubin Project staff: Lynne Jones and Peter Joachim
 - Review the "White Papers" and Lynne & Peter's simulation runs
 - Make **specific** recommendations, communicate, track progress and review
 - SCOC: expert, transparent, diverse and inclusive
 - UK involvement : Meg Schwamb (QUB), Hiranya Peiris (UCL)
 - "Cadence diplomacy": committee should be communicative with the SCs
 - Phase I SCOC report delivered (see link below)
 - Phase II finalised recommendation: December 2022
 - 2023 : further simulations and refinements, and the science baseline strategy to be adopted

Membership and info on the SCOC:

Useful info: https://project.lsst.org/meetings/scoc-sc-workshop3/home https://project.lsst.org/meetings/scoc-sc-workshop3/home https://project.lsst.org/meetings/rubin2020/agenda/session-page-optimization-committee-scoc https://project.lsst.org/meetings/rubin2020/agenda/session-page-optimization-committee-scoc <a href="https://project.lsst.org/meetings/rubin2020/agenda/session-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-scoc-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/home-page-optimization-committee-sc-workshop3/

Rubin schedule - projected science operations Jun-Oct 2024

Rubin Observatory Schedule CY2017 CY2024 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 FY2018 FY2019 FY2020 FY2021 FY2022 FY2024 FY2023 Q1 Q2 Q3 Q4 Final DRP Release **Data Management** Telescope & Site **Facility Support** ComCam / Pathfinder on Tel Engineering First Light 🌰 **Pre Commissioning Preparations Early SIT-Com** Forecast Finish Camera 4 June 24 CD-4 Late Finish October 2024' Camera Refrigeration Test 2 Camera ready at SLAC **Data Release 1** May 2025 DOE Commissioning Ops Late Finish date **NSF MREFC** pending NSF Review Camera Ready on Summit **Full SIT-Com** DOE MIE System First Light Schedule Commissioning Contingency Operational Readiness Review 🌢 Late Finish* Forecast Finish DOE Ops for Now Commissioning Plan Start (TBC) 10/1/24 **EPO Readiness Review EPO Operations** Survey Operations **Pre-Operations** Critical Path **DP0.1 DP0.2** DP1 June 2022

Monthly updates (including diagram updates): https://www.lsst.org/about/project-status

When will data arrive?

I keep an updated web page on data release schedule

https://lsst-uk.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/exec/pages/2946007041/LSST+Data+Preview+and+release+schedule

Two useful Rubin documents which are continually updated:

Release Scenarios for Rubin - LSST Commissioning and Survey data Marshall et al. RDO-11

https://docushare.lsstcorp.org/docushare/dsweb/Get/RDO-11

Rubin Observatory Plans for an Early Science Program
Guy et al. RTN-11
https://rtn-011.lsst.io/

Marshall et al RDO-11 Table 10

Rubin Baseline Data Release		Jun	Mar 2024 - Jun	Jul 2024 - Dec	Apr 2025 - Jul	Apr 2026 - Jul
Scenario	Jun 2021	2022	2024	2024	2025	2026
	DP0.1	DP0.2	DP1	DP2	DR1	DR2
Data Product	DC2 Simulated Sky Survey	Reproces sed DC2 Survey	ComCam On-Sky Data	LSSTCam On-Sky Data	LSST First 6 Months Data	LSST Year 1 Data
Raw images	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
DRP Processed Visit Images and Visit Catalogs	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
DRP Coadded Images	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
DRP Object and ForcedSource Catalogs	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
DRP Difference Images and DIASources	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
DRP ForcedSource Catalogs including DIA outputs	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
PP Processed Visit Images	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
PP Difference Images	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
PP Catalogs (DIASources, DIAObjects, DIAForcedSources)	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
PP Alerts (Canned)	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
PP Alerts (Live, Brokered)	FALSE	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE
PP SSP Catalogs	FALSE	FALSE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE	TRUE

LSST Science Collaborations

SCs Federation Document®

Overview Posters

There are currently eight active Rubin Observatory LSST Science Collaborations. Additional information about their work and membership can be found at the links below or by contacting the individual chairs, or the LSSTC Science Collaborations Coordinator (LSSTCSCC), Federica Bianco.

Galaxies ₽

Chair(s): Manda Banerji (Institute of Astronomy, University of Cambridge); Sugata Kaviraj (University of Hertfordshire); DM Liaison: Dan Taranu

Stars, Milky Way, and Local Volume &

Chair(s): William Clarkson (University of Michigan-Dearborn); John Gizis (University of Delaware); Ting Li (University of Toronto); Nicolas Lodieu (Instituto de Astrofisica de Canarias); Peregrine McGehee (College of the Canyons);

DM Liaison: Colin Slater

Solar System @

Chair(s): Meg Schwamb (Queen's University Belfast); David Trilling (Northern Arizona University); DM Liaison: Mario Jurić

Dark Energy @

Chair(s): Katrin Heitmann (Argonne National Laboratory); Renee Hlozek (University of Toronto); DM Liaison: Robert Lupton, Leanne Guy

Active Galactic Nuclei

Chair(s): Niel Brandt (Pennsylvania State University); DM Liaison: Yusra AlSayyad

Transients/variable stars

Chair(s): Federica Bianco (University of Delaware); Rachel Street (Las Cumbres Observatory); DM Liaison: Melissa Graham, Eric Belm

Strong Lensing

Chair(s): Timo Anguita (Universidad Andres Bello); Graham Smith (University of Birmingham); Aprajita Verma (University of Oxford):

DM Liaison: Jim Bosch

Informatics and Statistics &

Chair(s): Tom Loredo (Cornell University); Chad Schafer (Carnegie Mellon University); DM Liaison: Leanne Guy

LSST Core Science:

- Dark matter and dark energy
- Hazardous asteroids and remote solar system
- 3. Transient Optical sky
- Formation and structure of the Milky Way

Important:

You are advised to join a Science Collaboration. Very useful for information flow, expertise, influence. Science Collaborations do not have exclusive rights to any science. There is no Rubin project level publication policy. Most SCs have their own publication policy for use of software/derived data products etc.

Status of UK in LSST

- The LSST:UK team are in process of negotiating LSST data rights for at least 300 UK scientists (called Affiliate PIs, or APs). Each AP (faculty staff) comes with 4 junior affiliates (students/postdocs etc, called Jas). Data rights for AP or JA are identical - there is no hierarchy
- All APs and JAs are collectively known as International Data Rights Holders
- Full list of all approved International Data Rights Holders https://www.lsst.org/scientists/
 international-drh-list
- We submitted the proposal "LSST:UK In-kind Contributions to the Vera C. Rubin Observatory Legacy Survey of Space and Time" on 25th September 2020
- · Contribution to the annual Data Release Processing
 - International Data Access Centre hosted in the UK
 - Software development programme 2020 2033
 - EPO software through Zooniverse
- This has been approved by Rubin and "Contribution Evaluation Committee"
- It requires BEIS level approval and STFC are negotiating with the US agencies (DOE and NSF)
- We are aiming for full national access for all UK based scientists, or a number over 300 (with 1200 associated JAs)
- We hope for conclusion by early 2023.

LSST: UK Consortium





































































Every astronomy department and group in UK





How do I get started?

https://lsst-uk.atlassian.net

- Subscribe to the LSST:UK email list go to the link "LSST:UK Announcement email list, info and instructions"
- Get an LSST:UK wiki account "apply for account" on this page
- Read the monthly LSST:UK Newsletters linked on this page
- Apply for "Affiliate PI" or "Junior Associate" status through the UK details will always be posted on this wiki and the LSST:UK email list
- After you get formal approval recommendations on next slide

Useful source of info and place to ask questions: https://community.lsst.org

When you have AP or JA status approved

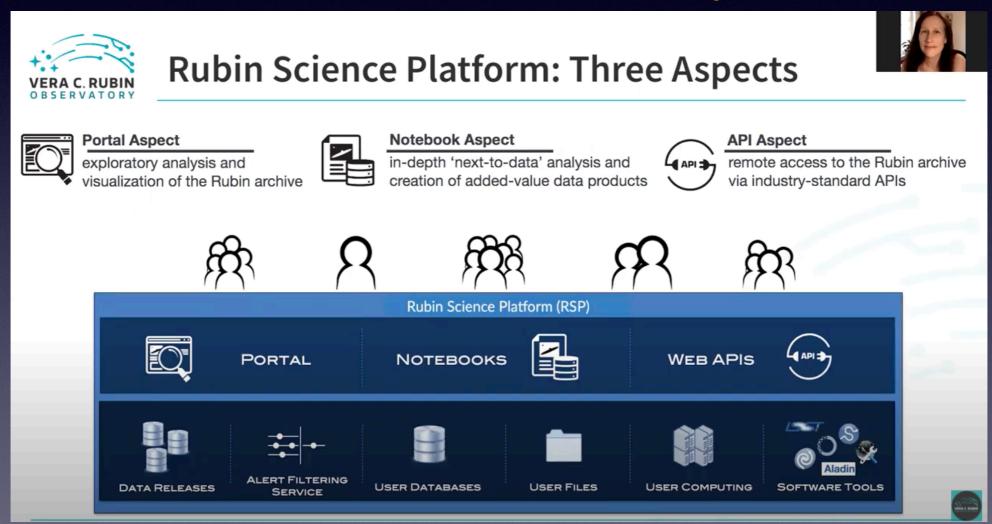
- After you get formal approval as an International Data Rights holder: sign up for login on https://project.lsst.org
- Join a Science Collaboration (through the above link)
- Join the LSST Slack and join https://community.lsst.org
- Watch videos, tutorials from the Annual Project and Community Workshop (PCW)
 - 2022 : https://project.lsst.org/meetings/rubin2022/program/agenda
 When you get approved as a data rights holder, you can login



Annual Project and Community workshops are held each August in Tucson. All data rights holders welcome.

Rubin Science Platform (RSP)

Can't download all data - bring analysis tools to the data "next-to-the-data" analysis



Melissa Graham's "Intro to the RSP" from the Winter 2021 AAS https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=wA6732tr8fk

Data Previews

See Melissa Graham's talk on Data Previews from NAM 2022 :

https://lsst-uk.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/HOME/pages/3000729601/ LSST+UK+Newsletter+24+July+2022

Rubin will release a series of Data Previews before real data comes from either the commissioning camera (ComCam) or the real camera (LSSTCam). Data previews will be simulated data first then Subaru HSC example data through the RSP. Calls to join these Data Previews are made on https://community.lsst.org

Data Preview 0: see the latest on

https://dp0-1.lsst.io

Timescales for data previews and releases

Release Scenarios for Rubin - LSST Commissioning and Survey Data" (Marshall et al. RDO-11) - continually updated, this is the reference source

https://docushare.lsstcorp.org/docushare/dsweb/Get/RDO-11

The basic plan is for annual Data Releases. The schedule as of of Aug 2022 is below - but see link above for official latest

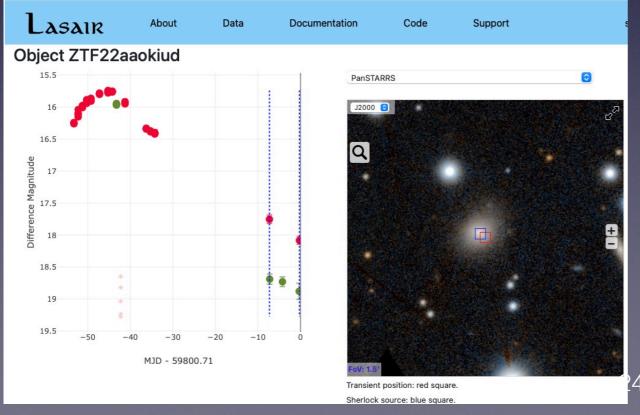


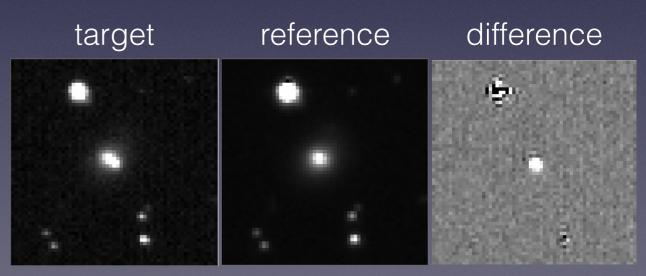
Calendar years start at dotted red lines. US financial years start in October

Time domain: Alert Data

The first real science data to be released will be alert data, based on detections on difference images. Once the templates are available, of sufficient quality then the difference images (diff = target - reference) will be made and detections released.

The UK's broker will serve these data and you can access a prototype and real stream from ZTF now https://lasair-ztf.lsst.ac.uk





LSST Alerts - Key numbers

Goal is 60 seconds to send an alert. Every 60 seconds the following tables give an idea of number of alterts and their types that will be released.

Alert numbers : per visit

Туре	Extragalactic (80% of sky)	Galactic (20% of sky)
Movers	3000	3000
Stars	1800	30000
AGN	70	70
Supernovae and extragalactic transients	200	200

	5σ single visit	10 yr depth
u	23.9	26.1
g	25.0	27.4
r	24.7	27.5
i	24.0	26.8
Z	23.3	26.1
У	22.1	24.9

Melissa Graham's "LSST Alerts - Key numbers" https://dmtn-102.lsst.io/DMTN-102.pdf https://lsst-uk.atlassian.net/wiki/spaces/LUSC/pages/882409581/Summary+of+alert+data

LSST:UK Synergies



The UK has an unprecedented opportunity to lead the exploitation of this combined suite of facilities - particularly southern hemisphere and all-sky surveys

Summary: Rubin and LSST for all

- Beginning 2024, the LSST by the Rubin observatory will change the landscape
- Very deep images of the sky, plus time domain survey of unprecedented depth
- Data are available to all with data rights we hope for all UK scientists
- The alert data are world-wide public
- Scientists can work alone, in their own teams, or within Science Collaborations (everyone has equal data rights)
- Analysis of data on the RSP with Python Notebooks, APIs or other code
- LSST data combined with ESO follow-up puts UK in strong position

